Schola Europaea

Office of the Secretary-General

Pedagogical Development Unit

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# Annex I: Proposal of the 'Organisation of studies in the secondary cycle’ Working Group 

### 1.1 Proposed new organisation in S1, S2 and S3

### 1.1.1 General outline of the proposed structure for the observation cycle of the secondary school (S1-2-3)

> S1: identical compulsory education for all students, with introduction of L3 and offer of options governed by specific rules (ONL: MT, FI, GA). The 'Learning to Learn' approach which justified the sixth L1 period will be organised as part of the teaching of each subject.
> S2: continuation of the same courses and offer of a first option: 2-period Latin.
> S3: continuation of the same courses, introduction of Human Sciences (HUMSCI) teaching in L2; continuation of the 2-period Latin option and offer of a new option: 2period ICT.
1.1.2 Overview of courses and periods: S1 to S3

|  | Number of periods per week |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | S1 | S2 | S3 |
| L1 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| MAT | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| L2 | 5 | 4 | 4 |
| L3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| EP | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| REL/MOR* | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| SCH | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| SCl | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| LAT |  | 2 | 2 |
| ART | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| MUS | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| ICT | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| GRO | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| ONL | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| TOTAL* | 33 or 35 | 33 or 35 | 31 or 33 |

* No of periods per week

| GLOSSARY |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| ART | Art |
| EP | Physical Education |
| GRO | Ancient Greek for students with EL as L1 |
| HCL | Host Country Language |
| ICT | ICT |
| L1 | Language 1 |
| L2 | Language 2 |
| L3 | Language 3 |
| LAT | Latin |
| MAT | Mathematics |
| MOR | Non-confessional Ethics |
| MUS | Music |
| ONL | Other National Language |
| REL | Religion |
| SCH | Human Sciences |
| SCI | Integrated Science |

## Optional subjects

The GRO and ONL courses, which are not intended for all students, are organised in accordance with the rules specific to those subjects.
S1 No optional courses.
S3 Optional ICT and LAT, students can choose one of these two options.
S2 Optional LAT.

### 1.1.3 Use of languages

| Subjects | S1- Use of languages |  | S2 - Use of languages |  | S3- Use of languages |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Language of tuition | Other possibilities | Language of tuition | Other possibilities | Language of tuition | Other possibilities |
| L1 | L1 |  | L1 |  | L1 |  |
| L2 | L2 |  | L2 |  | L2 |  |
| L3 | L3 |  | L3 |  | L3 |  |
| Maths | L1 |  | L1 |  | L1 |  |
| SCH | L1 |  | L1 |  | L2 |  |
| SCI | L1 |  | L1 |  | L1 |  |
| Art | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  |
| Music | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  |
| PE | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  |
| Rel. INonconf. Ethics | L1 | L2, L3, HCL | L1 | L2, L3, HCL | L2 | L3, HCL, L1 ${ }^{1}$ |
| ICT | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  |
| Ancient Greek | EL |  | EL |  | EL |  |
| ONL | ONL |  | ONL |  | ONL |  |
| Latin |  |  | L1 | L2, L3, HCL | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |

Key: OTHER POSSIBILITIES: If the course in L1/L2 has fewer than 7 students, the school will study the possibility of another solution and the students will be able to take the course in L2, L3 or HCL/L3 respectively (the best solution for the student).
 Language 2 corresponds to their Language 1 . Where a group of the same religious confession consists solely of students having their Language 1 in common, the course will be taught in that language.

### 1.2 Proposed new organisation in S4 and S5

### 1.2.1 General outline of the proposed structure for the pre-specialisation cycle of the secondary school (S4 and S5)

Two sets of core courses in secondary years 4 and 5 :
> 27 periods in S 4 and S 5 for compulsory courses.

- The subjects MAT, BIO, CHI (chemistry) and PHY are taught in Language 1.
- The courses in scientific subjects are based on MAT (basic mathematics) knowledge.
> 4 to 8 periods of option courses as pre-specialisation leading on to the different specific courses of study in S 6 and S7:
- The possibility of advanced teaching of Mathematics is offered in the form of a 3-period option and add-on course (Mat+). This option would be compulsory for students aiming to take the Mat6 course in S5.
- 2 sets of alternative options are offered:
o for ECO or GRE in the form of 4 optional periods,
o for L4/ONL or LAT in the form of 4 optional periods,
o for MUS or ICT,
o for ART, in the form of 2 optional periods as an alternative to MAT+.
> Students would be able to design their own curriculum according to their preference for the different specific courses of study in S6 and S7.
> The total number of periods cannot be lower than 31 and higher than 35 .


### 1.2.2 Overview of courses and periods in S4



S4 27 periods of common core courses. Minimum 31 periods, maximum 35 periods.

[^0]
### 1.2.3 Overview of courses and periods in S5

The mathematics courses would be organised separately: a MAT4 course and a MAT6 course.

The advantage would be that students who had already taken the MAT+ course for a year in S4 would be able to register for the MAT6 course and would no longer be associated with the MAT course with all the other students (more homogeneous groups).

| S5 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-4 | L1 |  | 00230020000 |
| 5-7 | L2 |  |  |
| 8-9 | EP |  |  |
| 10 | RELIMOR |  |  |
| 11-14 | MAT4/MAT6 |  |  |
| 15-16 | HIST |  |  |
| 17-18 | GEO |  |  |
| 19-20 | PHY |  |  |
| 21-22 | CHI |  |  |
| 23-24 | BIO |  |  |
| 25-27 | L3 |  |  |
| 28-29 | MAT6 |  | ADD-ON |
| 30 | ECO | GRE/GRO | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O } \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { © } \end{aligned}$ |
| 31 | ECO | GRE/GRO |  |
| 32 | ECO | GRE |  |
| 33 | ECO | GRE |  |
| 34 | L4/ONL | LAT |  |
| 35 | L4/ONL | LAT |  |
| 36 | L4/ONL | LAT |  |
| 37 | L4/ONL | LAT |  |
| 38 | MUSIC | ICT |  |
| 35 | MUSIC | ICT |  |
| 36 | ART |  |  |
| 37 | ART |  |  |

GLOSSARY

| ART | Art |
| :---: | :--- |
| BIO | Biology |
| CHI | Chemistry |
| ECO | Economics |
| EP | Physical Education |
| GEO | Geography |
| GRE | Ancient Greek |
| GRO | Ancient Greek for students with EL as L1 |
| HIST | History |
| ICT | ICT |
| L1 | Language 1 |
| L2 | Language 2 |
| L3 | Language 3 |
| L4 | Language 4 |
| LAT | Latin |
| MAT4 | Mathematics 4 periods |
| MAT6 | Mathematics 6 periods |
| MOR | Non-confessional Ethics |
| MUS | Music |
| ONL | Other National Language |
| PHY | Physics |
| REL | Religion |

27 periods of compulsory common core curriculum.
The MAT4 and MAT6 courses would be taught in L1, the only condition being that there were at least 7 students. Otherwise, the students would be able to take the course in their L2, L3 or HCL.

Minimum of 31 periods, maximum of 35 periods.

### 1.2.4 Use of languages in S4 and S5

| Subjects | Language of tuition | Other possibilities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| L1 | L1 |  |
| L2 | L2 |  |
| L3 | L3 |  |
| L4/ONL | L4/ONL | L2, L3, HCL |
| Mat (S4) | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |
| Mat+ (S4) | L1 |  |
| Mat4 (S5) | L1 |  |
| Mat6 (S5) | L1 |  |
| Hist | L2 |  |
| Geo | L2 |  |
| Economics | L2 |  |
| Chemistry | L1 |  |
| Physics | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |
| Biology | L1 | Groups with several languages: <br> Courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |
| Art | Groups with several languages: <br> Courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  |
| Music | Groups with several languages: <br> courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  |
| PE | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |
| Latin | L2 |  |
| Rel./Non- <br> conf. <br> Ethics | Groups with several languages: |  |
| Courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  |  |$\quad$| L1 |
| :--- |
| Ancient |
| Greek |

## Key:

OTHER POSSIBILITIES: If the course in L1/L2 has fewer than 7 students, the school will study the possibility of another solution and the students will be able to take the course in their L2, L3 or HCL/L3 respectively (the best solution for the student).

[^1]
### 1.3 Proposed new organisation in S6 and S7

### 1.3.1 General outline of the proposed structure for the specialisation cycle of the secondary school (S6-S7)

> Offer three specialisation courses of study: SCIENCE, ECONOMICS, HUMANITIES/LANGUGES/ARTS.
> Four blocks of courses available:

- 14 periods constitute the common core: all students take these courses. One course is new: CCP (see point 1.5.1).
- 3 to 5 periods constitute a compulsory add-on according to the specialisation chosen:
- Possibility of intensifying the mathematics teaching offered to all students (MAT5). This option is compulsory for all students choosing Physics as an option.

An add-on module to be chosen, according to the specialisation chosen, from the two modules offered:
o Basic competences in science and technology: compulsory science course for students not taking scientific options (see point 1.5.2).
o Social and civic competences: compulsory human sciences course for students not taking geography, history or philosophy courses (see point 1.5.2).

- 4 series of options are offered to students according to the specialisation that they have chosen:
- Scientific specialisation: BIO, CHI or ICT or ONL, PHY or GE4, L3.
- Economics specialisation: ECO, HI4 or ICT or ONL, GE4 or PHY, L3.
- Humanities/Languages/Arts specialisation: MUS or $\mathrm{PH} 4, \mathrm{HI} 4$ or L 4 or ONL, ART or GE4 or LAT, L3 or GRE
1 possibility of an additional advanced (APPRO) course is offered to all students, who will be able to add one of the following three subjects to their curriculum: L1 appro or L2 appro or MATH appro (if MAT5 has been chosen).
> Each specialisation entails forced choices as a corollary:
- Science: obligation to take at least two options from BIO, CHI (chemistry), ICT, PHY and GE4.
- Economics: obligation to take the ECO and HI4 options.
- Humanities: obligation to take at least one option from HI4 and PH4.
> The total number of weekly periods may not fall below 29 periods and may not exceed 35 periods.
> Students have to choose a minimum of three options. If chosen by the student, the advanced course is in addition to the three options.


### 1.3.2 Overviews of courses and periods in S6



| 36 | L1 appro /L2 appro /MATH appro |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 37 | L1 appro /L2 appro /MATH appro | \% |
| 38 | L1 appro /L2 appro /MATH appro |  |


| GLOSSARY |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| ART | Art |
| BIO | Biology |
| CHI | Chemistry |
| CCP | Cross-Curricular Project |
| ECO | Economics |
| EP | Physical Education |
| GE4 | Geography |
| GRE | Ancient Greek |
| HI4 | History |
| HUMSCI | Human Sciences |
| ICT | ICT |
| L1 | Language 1 |
| L1 APPRO | Advanced Language 1 |
| L2 | Language 2 |
| L2 APPRO | Advanced Language 2 |
| L3 | Language 3 |
| L4 | Language 4 |
| LAT | Latin |
| MAT3 | Mathematics 3 periods |
| MAT5 | Mathematics 5 periods |
| MATH APPRO | Advanced Mathematics |
| MUS | Music |
| ONL | Other National Languages |
| PH4 | Philosophy |
| PHY | Physics |
| REL\&MOR | Ethics and Religions Studies |
| GENSCI | Science |

The compulsory add-on courses for a specialisation are printed in red.
CCP: Cross-Curricular Project done in S6.
HUMSCI: Social and civic competences: compulsory human sciences course for students not taking history or philosophy courses.
GENSCI: Basic competences in science and technology: compulsory science course for students not taking scientific options.
1 advanced course possible depending on student's choice.
Minimum 29 periods, maximum 35 periods.
Scientific specialisation: at least 2 compulsory scientific options from BIO, CHI, ICT and PHY.
Economics specialisation: obligation to take ECO and at least one option from HI4 and GE4.
Humanities specialisation: obligation to take at least one option from HI 4 and PH 4 .
A student may ask to take an option which exists but does not belong to his/her specialisation. He/She will be regarded as an independent candidate (Article 13 of the Arrangements for implementing the Regulations for the European Baccalaureate).

[^2]
### 1.3.3 Overviews of courses and periods in S7

| S7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SCIENCE | ECONOMICS | HUMANITIES |  |  |  |
| 1 | L1 | L1 | L1 | 00230020000 |  |  |
| 2 | L1 | L1 | L1 |  |  |  |
| 3 | L1 | L1 | L1 |  |  |  |
| 4 | L1 | L1 | L1 |  | GLOSSARY |  |
| 5 | L2 | L2 | L2 |  | ART | Art |
| 6 | L2 | L2 | L2 |  | BIO | Biology |
| 7 | L2 | L2 | L2 |  | CHI | Chemistry |
| 8 | EP | EP | EP |  | ECO | Economics |
| 9 | EP | EP | EP |  | EP | Physical Education |
| 10 | REL\&MOR | REL\&MOR | REL\&MOR |  | GE4 | Geography |
| 11 | REL\&MOR | REL\&MOR | REL\&MOR |  | GRE | Ancient Greek |
| 12 | MAT5/MAT3 | MAT5/MAT3 | MAT5/MAT3 |  | HI4 | History |
| 13 | MAT5/MAT3 | MAT5/MAT3 | MAT5/MAT3 |  | HUMSCI | Human Sciences |
| 14 | MAT5/MAT3 | MAT5/MAT3 | MAT5/MAT3 |  | ICT | ICT |
|  |  |  |  |  | L1 | Language 1 |
| 15 | MAT5 ${ }^{4}$ | MAT5 ${ }^{4}$ | MAT5 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \vdots \end{aligned}$ | L1 APPRO | Advanced Language 1 |
| 16 | MAT5 | MAT5 | MAT5 |  | L2 | Language 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  | L2 APPRO | Advanced Language 2 |
| 17 | HUMSCI | GENSCI | GENSCI |  | L3 | Language 3 |
| 18 | HUMSCI | GENSCI | GENSCI |  | L4 | Language 4 |
| 19 | HUMSCI | GENSCI | GENSCI |  | LAT | Latin |
|  |  |  |  |  | MAT3 | Mathematics 3 periods |
| 20 | BIO | ECO | MUS/PH4 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \overline{1} \\ & \overline{0} \\ & \vdots \end{aligned}$ | MAT5 | Mathematics 5 periods |
| 21 | BIO | ECO | MUS/PH4 |  | MATH APPRO | Advanced Mathematics |
| 22 | BIO | ECO | MUS/PH4 |  | MUS | Music |
| 23 | BIO | ECO | MUS/PH4 |  | ONL | Other National Languages |
|  |  |  |  |  | PH4 | Philosophy |
| 24 | CHI/ICT/ONL | HI4/ICT/ONL | HI4/L4/ONL |  | PHY | Physics |
| 25 | $\mathrm{CHI} / \mathrm{ICT} / \mathrm{ONL}$ | HI4/ICT/ONL | HI4/L4/ONL |  | REL\&MOR | Ethics and Religions Studies |
| 26 | CHI/ICT/ONL | HI4/ICT/ONL | HI4/L4/ONL |  | GENSCI | Science |
| 27 | $\mathrm{CHI} / \mathrm{ICT} / \mathrm{ONL}$ | HI4/ICT/ONL | HI4/L4/ONL |  |  |  |
| 28 | PHY/GE4 | GE4/PHY | ART/GE4/LAT |  |  |  |
| 29 | PHY/GE4 | GE4/PHY | ART/GE4/LAT |  |  |  |
| 30 | PHY/GE4 | GE4/PHY | ART/GE4/LAT |  |  |  |
| 31 | PHY/GE4 | GE4/PHY | ART/GE4/LAT |  |  |  |
| 32 | L3 | L3 | GRE/L3 |  |  |  |
| 33 | L3 | L3 | GRE/L3 |  |  |  |
| 34 | L3 | L3 | GRE/L3 |  |  |  |
| 35 | L3 | L3 | GRE/L3 |  |  |  |
| 36 | L1 appro /L2 appro /MATH appro |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\square}$ |  |  |
| 37 | L1 appro /L2 appro /MATH appro |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | L1 appro /L2 appro /MATH appro |  |  |  |  |  |

[^3]
### 1.3.4 Use of languages in S6 and S7

| Subjects | Language of tuition | Other possibilities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L1 | L1 |  |
| L2 | L2 |  |
| L3 | L3 |  |
| L4/ONL | L4/ONL |  |
| Adv. L1 | L1 |  |
| Adv. L2 | L2 |  |
| Maths 5 | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |
| Maths 3 | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |
| Adv. Maths | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |
| Hist 4 | L2 | L3, HCL |
| Geo 4 | L2 | L3, HCL |
| Philo 4 | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |
| Economics | L2 | L3, HCL |
| Hum Sci | L2 | L3, HCL |
| Gen Sci | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |
| Chemistry | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |
| Physics | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |
| Biology | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |
| Art | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  |
| Music | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  |
| PE | Groups with several languages: courses taught in EN,FR,DE,HCL |  |
| Latin | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |
| Rel.\&Ethics | L2 ${ }^{5}$ | L3, HCL |
| ICT | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |
| Ancient Greek | L1 | L2, L3, HCL |

Key:
OTHER POSSIBILITIES: If the course in L1/L2 has fewer than 5 students, the school will study the possibility of another solution and the students will be able to take the course in their L2, L3 or HCL/L3 or HCL respectively (the best solution for the student).

[^4]
### 1.4 Technical aspects for the design of the slots in the timetable in each school

All lesson periods are 45 minutes (actual teaching time) in length. Intervals of at least five minutes between lessons are built into the timetable to allow proper organisation of teaching.

### 1.4.1 Organisation of choices in S1-2-3

During year P5, students express their choices for a L3 in S1.
During year S1, students state whether or not they intend to take the Latin course in S2. This course is not compulsory. It is created only if at least 7 students so request.

During year S2, students who have not chosen Latin in S2 state whether or not they intend to take the ICT course in S3. These courses are not compulsory, it is not possible to take both of them and they are created only if at least 7 students so request.

### 1.4.2 Organisation of choices in S4 and S5

In S3, each student will be invited to choose courses to make up his or her curriculum. The specific courses of study offered in S6 and S7 should be explained to parents and students, so that their choices of option subjects in S4 and S5 do not prove to be an obstacle when they subsequently wish to access the desired course of study:

- Students who are aiming for the ECONOMICS specialisation should choose ECO.
- Students who are aiming for the HUMANITIES/LANGUAGES/ARTS specialisation could choose the corresponding options.

Students who have not taken an option in S4 and/or S5 but wish to take it in S6 and S7 should be required to pass an examination before going into S 6 . The examination will focus on the necessary prerequisites to keep up successfully with the desired course in S6-S7.

Courses in compulsory subjects are always created. Courses in option subjects are created in accordance with the rules laid down (2011-01-D-33) to that end. Where necessary, students who have chosen courses which might not be created will be invited to choose a subject corresponding to the courses created.

Each school is free to timetable compulsory courses as it wishes. Students take compulsory courses on a collective basis; in other words, all students with the same L1 will take the L1 course at the same time.

Options will appear at the same level in the timetable slots. Once all the options have been created, a maximum of 58 periods will be allocated to cover the different options. To ensure that all courses are offered in a maximum of 40 weekly periods ( 27 periods of which are for compulsory courses), option courses will be divided into two blocks of 4 periods and two blocks of $2^{6}$ periods). Example: the MUS and ICT courses are timetabled at the same time, meaning that a student cannot choose both of these courses.

[^5]
### 1.4.3 Organisation of courses in S6 and S7

During year S5, each student is invited to make choices from amongst the different possibilities presented below:

- Choice between MAT3 and MAT5, the courses being organised separately.
- Choice of a specialisation: SCIENCE, ECONOMICS or HUMANITIES/LANGUAGES/ARTS.
- Choice from amongst the options offered in the specialisation selected.
- Possible choice of a subject in which an advanced course will be taken.

Each student of the European Schools and of Accredited Schools has the same initial choice possibilities.

The school analyses the students' wishes, abiding by the rules laid down by the regulations (2011-01-D-33). The common core courses and the add-on courses are automatically created. If it turns out that an option cannot be created because there is not the required minimum number of applicants ( 5 students), the school then informs the students concerned of their obligation to make a second choice from amongst the options whose creation is guaranteed. Once all the students have expressed their definitive wishes, the school may prepare the timetables and arrange for the creation of courses.

Each school organises as it wishes the timetable for the common core courses and the add-on courses. Students take common core courses together. For example: the L1 course is scheduled for an entire group sharing the same L1, irrespective of the specialisation options which have been chosen.

Options and advanced courses are placed in parallel in the slots in timetables. These different proposals represent a maximum of 79 periods if they are all created. So that all these courses can be fitted into a reduced timetable (a maximum of 40 periods, including 17 to 19 periods taken up by the common core and the add-on courses, meaning that 21 to 23 periods remain available in students' timetable), these option courses and advanced subjects are placed in 4 blocks of 4 periods and 1 block of 3 periods. Example: the BIO, ECO, MUS and PH4 courses are timetabled at the same time, meaning that a student cannot choose two of those courses at the same time.

### 1.5 Points calling for adaptation of the current curricula

### 1.5.1 Cross-Curricular Project (CCP):

Recommendation 2.5 .3 of the report of the University of Cambridge - International Examinations on the European Baccalaureate (ref.: 1312-D-2008) states: "The introduction of an activity based on the TPE or Extended Essay model might be a valuable and certificated outcome within the European Baccalaureate. Consideration could be given to whether this might itself build on the European identity of the schools themselves."

Taking into account of the cross-curricular key competences which are not yet all formally assessed by our European Baccalaureate: digital competence, learning to learn, social and civic competences, sense of initiative and entrepreneurship, cultural awareness and expression.

Proposal that this subject be incorporated into the S6 and S7 syllabus for one period a week under the responsibility of a teacher-tutor, as part of his or her timetable and of the timetable of the group of students for which he or she is responsible.

### 1.5.2 Science (GENSCI) and Human Sciences (HUMSCI)

These are two add-on courses which are compulsory according to students' specialisation choices.

A student of a European School or of an Accredited School must receive a full education up to European Baccalaureate level. As part of the ideal education with which all European citizens should be provided, it is essential to continue structured reflection up to Baccalaureate level on questions pertaining to scientific and environmental phenomena, as well as the historical-geographical and philosophical aspects of the operation of modern societies. The complexity of those questions makes it impossible to tackle certain aspects before the end of the complete course of secondary studies.

Practical organisation: the 3 periods available cover a variety of subjects (BIO, CHI (chemistry), PHY for the GENSCI course; HIS, PHI for the HUMSCI course), meaning that it is possible that several teachers will need to be involved in teaching the students according to each teacher's speciality. Details of the syllabuses and of the practical organisation of these two courses still have to be developed. The modular operation of the syllabus for the MATH APPRO (ADVANCED MATHS) course might be used as an example.

### 1.5.3 Information and Communication Technologies (ICT)

This option does not exist in S 6 and S 7 at present but its creation is a response to growing demand for in-depth competences in the ICT and computer studies field.

### 1.5.4 Mat and Mat+ in S4

The syllabuses for these courses can be derived from adaptation of the current syllabuses for the MAT4 and MAT6 courses in S4.

### 1.5.5 Ethics and Religions Studies

A mini working group was charged with addressing the question of the teaching of nonconfessional ethics and confessional religions courses in the secondary cycle and of their organisation.

The Representatives of the Religious Authorities were invited to make observations which are favourably disposed on the whole to the proposals for changes formulated by the mini working group.

The new scheme comprises a three-phase programme from S1-S7.


## Phase I (S1 and S2)

Continuation of the present teaching of the subjects non-confessional ethics and religions, subdivided by confession, taught in Language 1, by both seconded teachers (mainly nonconfessional ethics) or by locally recruited teachers.

## Phase II (S3 to S5)

Transitional phase between phases I and III in which the non-confessional ethics and religions, subdivided by confession, are taught in L2.

## Phase III (S6 and S7)

The course becomes a non-confessional one, grouping together the old ethics and religion courses. The syllabus for this course will have to be determined and it will be taught by seconded or locally recruited teachers with the required competences.

The course will be taught in Language 2 and will group together students of various confessions. Students will be awarded an A mark and a B mark. The mark will count towards the final mark in the European Baccalaureate.

This reorganisation of the teaching of ethics and religions is expected to result in an improvement in the quality of education, in the sense that it will contribute in future to enhancement of students' academic and personal competences.

The content of this new course is meant to be non-confessional and will cover the subjects, methods and objectives of ethics as well as of religions. It will deal with the fundamental questions of human existence, which include the origin of ethics and religions, their historical developments, their current forms and their reception in the history of peoples.


[^0]:    *The order of these 2 options can be reversed according to the choices made by students.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ A relatively small group of students from different countries but of the same religious confession taught in Language 2 may be supplemented by students of the same religious confession even where the Language 2 corresponds to their Language 1. Where a group of the same religious confession consists solely of students having their Language 1 in common, the course will be taught in that language.

[^2]:    ${ }^{3}$ MAT5 compulsory for students wishing to choose Physics.

[^3]:    ${ }^{4}$ MAT5 compulsory for students wishing to choose Physics.

[^4]:    ${ }^{5}$ A relatively small group of students from different countries but of the same religious confession taught in Language 2 may be supplemented by students of the same religious confession even where the Language 2 corresponds to their Language 1. Where a group of the same religious confession consists solely of students having their Language 1 in common, the course will be taught in that language.

[^5]:    ${ }^{6}$ Three periods for MAT+

